

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

# 1.1 Product identifier

# Product name CAPITAL WELD CLEANER NEUTRALIZER SOLUTION

Synonym(s) WELD CLEANER NEUTRALIZER SOLUTION

# 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) Acid neutralization of weld cleaning.

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

# Supplier nameCAPITAL WELD CLEANERSAddress1309 N. Leland Ct, Gilbert, AZ, 85233, UNITED STATESTelephone+1 480-967-0016Emailinfo@capitalweldcleaners.comWebsitewww.capitalweldcleaners.com

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1-800-424-9300 (US & Canada) +1 703-527-3887 (Outwith US) (Chemtrec)

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS

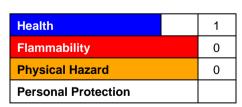
# 2.2 Label elements

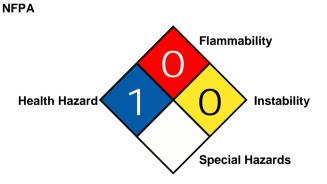
No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

# 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

# HMIS







# 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
D-LIMONENE	5989-27-5	227-813-5	<1%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	55 to 70%
ALKANOLAMINE(S)	-	-	<10%

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a physician, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a physician.
Ingestion	For advice, contact the Poison Control Centre at 1-800-222-1222 or a physician (at once).
First aid facilities	No information provided.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

# 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide, foam or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

# 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.



# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

### **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

# 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls** Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended.

### PPE

Eye / Face	Wear splash-proof goggles.
Hands	Wear PVC or rubber gloves.
Body	When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.
Respiratory	Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.



# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	PALE BLUE LIQUID
Odour	SLIGHT CITRUS ODOUR
Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point	NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point	NOT AVAILABLE
Melting point	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate	AS FOR WATER
рН	11.5
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE
Specific gravity	NOT AVAILABLE
Solubility (water)	SOLUBLE
Vapour pressure	NOT AVAILABLE
Upper explosion limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Lower explosion limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE



# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization is not expected to occur.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), nitrites, heat and ignition sources.

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Health hazard summary	Irritant. Use safe work practices to avoid e skin and respiratory irritation.	ye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in eye,
Eye	Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacr	imation, pain and redness.
Inhalation	Irritant. Over exposure to vapors may res vapor pressure may reduce the likelihood of	sult in respiratory irritation, nausea, dizziness and headache. Low of inhalation.
Skin	Irritant. Contact may result in drying and de	efatting of the skin, rash and dermatitis.
Ingestion	May be harmful. Ingestion may result in diarrhoea.	gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and
Toxicity data	D-LIMONENE (5989-27-5) LD50 (ingestion) LD50 (intraperitoneal) LD50 (intravenous) LD50 (skin) LD50 (subcutaneous) LDLo (subcutaneous) TDLo (ingestion)	4400 mg/kg (rat) 600 mg/kg (mouse) 110 mg/kg (rat) > 5 gm/kg (rabbit) 3170 mg/kg (mouse) 30200 mg/kg (rat) 67 g/kg/39 weeks intermittently (mouse)

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.



### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No information provided.

# 12.6 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Waste disposal** Disposal requirements are dependent on the hazard classification of the waste produced, as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. The disposal of this material must be conducted in compliance with the relevant parts of 40 CFR 261. Check state and local regulation for any additional requirements, as these may be more restrictive than federal laws and regulation.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

# **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT

	LAND TRANSPORT (DOT)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# **US EPCRA and CAA Regulatory Information**

The following components are subject to the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) and Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA):

None of the components of this product are listed on the SARA/CERCLA/CASA lists.

# Carcinogenicity

The following components are reported to be carcinogenic:

Ingredient	CAS Number	NTP	IARC	OSHA
D-LIMONENE	5989-27-5		Group 3	

### TSCA

The following components are not listed on the TSCA Inventory list:



Inventory listing(s)

AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt. UNITED STATES: TSCA (US Toxic Substances Control Act) All components are listed on the TSCA inventory, or are exempt. EUROPE:EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances) All components are listed on EINECS, or are exempt.

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional Information AMINE: CAUTION: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS AN AMINE. DO NOT ADD NITRITES or other NITROSATING AGENTS to this product due to the potential for NITROSAMINE formation. Nitrosamines are potent carcinogens and some have been shown to cause severe acute (heart, brain, blood, liver - kidney) damage as well as chronic effects (reproductive effects, liver - lung and kidney tumours).

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

### HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



Abbreviations	ACGIH CAA	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Clean Air Act
	CAS #	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
	CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
	CNS	Central Nervous System
	EC No.	EC No - European Community Number
	EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)
	EPCRA	Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act
	GHS	Globally Harmonized System
	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
	LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
	LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
	mg/m³	Milligrams per Cubic Metre
	NTP	U.S. National Toxicology Program
	OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
	рН	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).
	ppm	Parts Per Million
	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
	RQ	Reportable Quantity measured in pounds (304, CERCLA)
	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
	TPQ	Threshold Planning Quantity measured in pounds (302)
	TQ	Threshold Quantity measured in pounds (CAA)

TWA Time Weighted Average

**Revision History** 

**Report status** 

Revision	Description
2.1	Standard SDS Review
2.0	Standard SDS Review
1.0	Initial SDS Creation
0.1	Draft.

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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Prepared in accordance to OSHA Hazard Communication standard, 29 CFR 1920.1200.

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[ End of SDS ]

